VIRGINIA BOARD OF PHARMACY

TUBERCULIN SKIN TESTING ONE-STEP PROTOCOL

PURPOSE

This protocol specifies the criteria and procedures for pharmacists to initiate the dispensing, administration, and interpretation of the Tuberculin Skin Test (TST) to assist in tuberculosis prevention and control.

PHARMACIST EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Prior to initiating the dispensing, administration, and interpretation of TST under this protocol, the pharmacist(s) must successfully complete the following training:

- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guidelines for Targeted Tuberculin Testing¹ from a provider accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Core Curriculum on Tuberculosis
 Chapter 2: Testing for Tuberculosis Infection² or from a comparable provider approved by the Virginia Board of Pharmacy

Records documenting completion of required training shall be maintained by the pharmacist for a minimum of six years following the last patient encounter pursuant to this protocol or subsequent iterations for which the training is required. The training records may be stored in an electronic database or record as an electronic image that provides an exact, clearly legible image of the document or in secured storage either onsite or offsite. All records in off-site storage or database shall be retrieved and made available for inspection or audit within 48 hours of a request by the board or an authorized agent.

Prior to initiating the dispensing, administration, and interpretation of TST under this protocol, the pharmacist(s) must understand and follow procedures as specified by:

- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guidelines for Targeted Tuberculin Testing
- Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection in the United States: Clinical Recommendations³: Sections 1 and 2

¹ Targeted Tuberculin Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection ATS/CDC Statement Committee on Latent Tuberculosis Infection, June 2000. Available at

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr4906a1.htm.

² CDC Core Curriculum on Tuberculosis: What the Clinician Should Know. Available at https://www.cdc.gov/tb/education/corecurr/pdf/CoreCurriculumTB-508.pdf

³ Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection in the United States: Clinical Recommendations

 Tuberculosis Screening, Testing and Treatment of U.S. Healthcare Personnel: Recommendations from the National Tuberculosis Controllers Association and CDC, 2019⁴

High Burden TB Country List, Virginia Department of Health⁵

INCLUSION CRITERIA

Pharmacists acting under this protocol are authorized to initiate the dispensing, administration, and interpretation of TSTs to adults aged > 18 years who:

- Are at increased risk for latent or active tuberculosis disease
- Need TST documented for school attendance, occupational requirements, insurance purposes, or other administrative purposes

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

Individuals meeting any of the following criteria:

- Allergy to any component of the TST or those patients with a previous allergic reaction to TST
- History of severe reaction (necrosis, blistering, anaphylactic shock, or ulcerations) to a previous TST
- Documented active TB or a clear history of treatment for TB infection or disease
- Extensive burns or eczema at the administration site
- Live vaccination administered within the last month⁶ (simultaneous/same-day administration of live-vaccines and a TST is acceptable)
- History of a documented positive TST
- Any individual who is receiving an initial TST and will be receiving annual TB testing and thus is in need of two-step testing (refer to two step testing protocol)
- History of documented previous Bacilli Calmette-Guerin (BCG) vaccine

CONSIDERATIONS

• Individuals from high-burden TB countries may have received the BCG vaccination and not remember, this should be considered when administering the TST.

(NTCA/NTSC, 2021). Available at: https://survey.alchemer.com/s3/6183608/2021-LTBI-Testing-Treatment-Publication-Registration

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/68/wr/mm6819a3.htm?s cid=mm6819a3 w

⁴ Tuberculosis Screening, Testing and Treatment of U.S. Healthcare Personnel: Recommendations from the National Tuberculosis Controllers Association and CDC, 2019. Available at:

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ High Burden TB Country List, Virginia Department of Health. Available at:

https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/tuberculosis/screening-testing/

⁶ Fact Sheets: Tuberculin Skin Testing. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Available at: https://www.cdc.gov/tb/publications/factsheets/testing/skintesting.htm

 Individuals with a suppressed immune system (HIV, other acute/chronic infections, those on certain medications, etc.) may not react to a TST in the way an immunocompetent person does. In this instance, a false negative result may be possible.

 Individuals who are contacts of a confirmed positive TB case may seek testing from a pharmacist. If a pharmacist becomes aware of this during the risk assessment, notification shall be made to the local health department. TST may still be performed.

MEDICATIONS

This protocol authorizes pharmacists to administer TST antigen, also known as purified protein derivative (PPD), read, and interpret the TST. The TST is one of two standard methods for determining whether a person is infected with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. This protocol authorizes the pharmacist to dispense and administer the following products with an approved indication for TST.

Product	Mfr. / Dist.	NDCs*
Tubersol	Sanofi Pasteur	1mL (10 tests) =
		49281-752-21
		5mL (50 tests) =
		49281-752-22
Aplisol	Parkdale	1 mL (10 tests) =
		42023-104-05
		5mL (50 tests) =
		42023-104-05

^{*}or any other FDA-approved tuberculin skin test antigen

PROCEDURES FOR INITIATION OF TB SCREENING

Decision to conduct a TST will be based on relevant medical and social history and consideration of contraindications and precautions as outlined in this protocol and in the American Thoracic Society (ATC)/CDC Guideline.¹ A risk assessment should be conducted by the pharmacist prior to initiation of the TST. The form in Appendix A can be used to complete the risk assessment. This assessment should not be self-administered by the client. The Report of Tuberculosis Screening in Appendix B must be completed at the conclusion of the screening. The Report (Appendix B) may be provided to the patient and may be subsequently provided to an employer, if necessary, and authorized by the patient. If active TB symptoms are present or indicated on the TB risk assessment documentation (see Appendix A), the patient must be immediately referred to a healthcare provider for further evaluation and further advised regarding isolation precautions.

The TST is performed by injecting 0.1mL of tuberculin PPD in the inner surface of the forearm. The injection should be made with a tuberculin syringe, with the needle bevel facing upward. The TST is an intradermal injection. When placed correctly, the injection should produce a pale elevation of the skin (a wheal) 6 to 10 mm in diameter (see Appendix C for detailed procedures for placing the TST).

PROCEDURES FOR MONITORING AND FOLLOW UP

The skin test reaction should be read between 48 and 72 hours after administration. Schedule an appointment for the reading at the time the TST is administered. An individual who does not return within 72 hours will need to be rescheduled for another skin test. The reaction should be measured in millimeters of the induration (palpable, raised, hardened area or swelling). The reader should not measure erythema (redness). The diameter of the indurated area should be measured across the forearm (perpendicular to the long axis) and recorded as millimeters of induration.

Interpretation and classification of TST results is determined by diameter of induration and consideration of risk factors as outlined in Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection in the United States: Clinical Recommendations (NTCA/NTSC, 2021) ³ (Appendix D). If active TB symptoms are present or indicated on the TB risk assessment documentation (see Appendix A), patients must be immediately referred to a healthcare provider for further evaluation and further advised regarding isolation precautions.

COUNSELING REQUIREMENTS

Individuals receiving TST will receive counseling regarding:

- Need to return in 48-72 hours for interpretation of the TST
- If mild itchiness occurs, avoid scratching the site. Do not use creams or other treatments to treat the itchiness.
- Redness may develop. This is a normal reaction, avoid using creams or other treatments.
- Result of the TST
- Need for confirmatory evaluation and a chest X-ray following a positive TST result
- Between an initial positive TST and confirmatory evaluation, the patient may carry on normal activity unless showing signs and symptoms of active TB disease.
- If active TB symptoms are present or indicated on the TB risk assessment documentation (Appendix A), the patient must be immediately referred to a healthcare provider for further evaluation and further advised regarding isolation precautions.

DOCUMENTATION

Pharmacists will document via prescription or medical record each person who

receives a TST under this protocol including:

1. Documentation for the dispensing of prescription medication; and documentation that the individual receiving the TST was provided with the required counseling and referral information pursuant to this protocol.

- Documentation of the completion of the risk assessment, date and time of test
 placement, date and time of test reading, results and interpretation must be
 maintained by the pharmacist and provided to the patient and shall include
 both the millimeters of induration and interpretation of the test (negative or
 positive).
- 3. Individual test results, either positive or negative, may be provided to others upon the individual's request. This can include employers when testing is provided as a requirement of employment. The Report of TB Screening is included in Appendix B. The individual should sign a release of information indicating the individual's consent that this information can be shared (refer to the Patient Authorization section in Appendix A).
- 4. Certain laws or regulations may preclude a pharmacist from signing documentation for an individual to certify the individual has been examined and is free of tuberculosis. This should be ascertained prior to administration of the TST. The individual may have to be referred back to their primary care provider to obtain necessary certification.

NOTIFICATION AND REFERRAL

Prior to screening the patient for TB, the patient must complete and sign the Patient Authorization section of Appendix A authorizing the pharmacist to notify the primary health care provider or local health department of a positive TST result. If the patient refuses such authorization, the pharmacist shall not screen the patient for TB and shall refer the patient to a primary health care provider for evaluation. If the patient does not have a primary health care provider, the pharmacist shall counsel the patient regarding the benefits of establishing a relationship with a primary health care provider and, upon request, provide information regarding primary health care providers, including federally qualified health centers, free clinics, or local health departments serving the area in which the patient is located.

Pursuant to § 54.1-3303.1 of the Code of Virginia, a pharmacist who administers PPD for a TST shall notify the patient's primary health care provider that the pharmacist has administered a TST and inform the provider of the test results within three (3) business days, provided that the patient consents to such notification. If the patient does not have a primary health care provider, the pharmacist shall counsel the patient regarding the benefits of establishing a relationship with a primary health care provider and, upon request, provide information regarding primary health care providers, including federally qualified health centers, free clinics, or local health departments serving the area in which the patient is located.

Note: A pharmacy may create and use an electronic format of this protocol if the questions and process are identical to the Board-adopted protocol.

VIRGINIA BOARD OF PHARMACY TUBERCULOSIS RISK ASSESSMENT FORM (For Pharmacist Use When Screening Patient; Not intended to be a Self-Screening Document)

Name:		Today's Date:	Weight:
		Healthcare Provider's Name:	
۱ny Aller	gies to Medications? Yes / No If yes, li	st here:	
other ma	required to have a Tuberculosis (TB) Risl andatory reason? ecify reason?	k Assessment or Tuberculin Skin Test (TST) fo	or your job, school, or Yes 🗆 No🗆
	, ensure pharmacists may legally sign o	document certifying assessment or TST resuly not legally certify, refer patient to PCP.	Its for intended purpose. If pharmacist
		If NO, proceed with completing form.	
Patient A	Authorization:		
		e TB Risk Assessment and administer the TS	
	-	e providers. I acknowledge that I have rec	
		y health care providers for care and not for	• •
		be kept at a minimum of six years following	•
		another practitioner or health care provider	
personai of time.	representative, or (ii) records that are r	required by contractual obligation or federal	law to be maintained for a longer period
agree to	o return to the pharmacy located at		
		acist on this date	
further	authorize the pharmacist to notify the f	following of a positive TB Skin Test (choose c	ne):
□Prima	ry Care Physician:		
	(First & Last Name)	(Tel. #)	
⊔ Loca	I Free Clinic ☐ Local Federally	-Qualified Healthcare Center	
Patient F	Printed Name:	Date:	
Patient S	Signature:	Date:	
	If patient does not a	gree to Patient Authorization section, refer	
Screenin	g for TB Symptoms:		
1.	Do you have coughing that has lasted	for more than 3 weeks?	Yes No
2.	Are you coughing up blood or mucous		Yes □ No□
3.	Do you have a fever? Temperature re	eading:	Yes No
4.	Have you experienced unintentional w		Yes No
5.	Do you have a loss of appetite? (evalu		Yes No
6.		valuate symptoms 5, 6, and 7 in context)	Yes - No -
7.	Do you have fatigue? (evaluate sympto		Yes No
If patie		questions above (taking 5, 6, and 7 in conte	ext), stop here and refer patient to PCP.
		all of the questions above, proceed with co	
Screenii	ng for TB History:		
8.	,	ease/Latent Tuberculosis Infection (LTBI)?	Yes No
	1		

9.	Have you ever had a documented prior positive test for TB infection?	Yes □	No□
	If yes, date of positive test (if known): Type of Test: ☐ TST/IGRA ☐ TST		
	Reading: mm		
	If yes to prior positive test, did you have a chest radiograph performed after the positive test?	Yes □	No□
	CXR date (if known): Results: Normal Abnormal	1036	110
	If chest radiograph was normal after positive test, did you receive LTBI treatment?	Voc =	No=
	ii chest radiograph was normal after positive test, did you receive LTB1 treatment?	Yes □	No□
If YE	S to prior positive TB test, those seeking testing for administrative purposes must have documentation o	f the pas	t prior
	positive TB test otherwise testing will still be required for work clearance.		
	If YES to prior positive TB test, and NO subsequent chest radiograph performed, refer patient to P	CP.	
	If YES to prior positive TB test and YES to subsequent NORMAL chest radiograph, no repeat TB testing is	indicated	if
	asymptomatic; refer for LTBI treatment if previously untreated.		•
	If NO prior positive TB test, proceed with completing this form.		
	ij ivo prior positive ib test, proceed with completing this joinn		
Screen	ing for TB Infection Risk		
10.	Have you had close contact to someone with known or suspected active TB disease at any time? Name	Yes □	No□
20.	of source case:		
	If YES, report to local health department. TST may still be performed.		
	If NO, proceed with completing this form.		
_			
	ing for High Burden TB Countries:	1	
11.	Were you born in a country outside of the United States?	Yes □	No□
	If yes, which country?		
12.	Have you traveled or resided in a country outside of the United States for 3 months or longer?	Yes □	No□
	If yes, which country?		
13.	Have you traveled or resided in a country outside of the United States for the purpose of receiving	Yes □	No□
	medical treatment?		
	If yes, which country?		
	66) 1161. 664		
Refer	·	> 3 mont	hs. refer
Refer	to current VDH High Burden TB Countries list. If YES and born in or traveled to/resided in country on list		hs, refer
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Screen 14. Assess 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	to current VDH High Burden TB Countries list. If YES and born in or traveled to/resided in country on list to BCG vaccination status. If BCG vaccinated, refer for IGRA. For others, TST may still be perform If NO or country did not appear on list, proceed with completing this form. Ing for BCG Were you ever administered the BCG vaccination? If YES, refer. If NO, proceed with completing form. Ing Other Risks for Acquiring LTBI Do you reside or work in a high TB risk congregate setting (e.g., correctional facility, nursing home, and long-term care facilities for elderly, mentally ill, or persons living with AIDS)? Are you a healthcare worker who serves high-risk clients? NOTE: Stop and refer patient to local health department if screening is part of an ongoing contact investigation within the facility approved by the local health department. Have you experienced homelessness within the past two years? Do you inject drugs for recreational use or use crack cocaine? Do you have a regular health care provider? Have you received medical care within the last two years? If NO to both questions, patient is considered medically underserved, and screening is NOT part of an any of the questions (#15-18) or if the patient is medically underserved, and screening is NOT part of an any of the questions (#15-18) or if the patient is medically underserved, and screening is NOT part of any of the questions (#15-18) or if the patient is medically underserved, and screening is NOT part of any of the questions (#15-18) or if the patient is medically underserved, and screening is NOT part of any of the questions.	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No -
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		No □
If YES, recommend an HIV test. Administer TST even if patient refuses HIV test or consider referral for		
IGRA testing.		
22. Were you recently infected with Mycobacterium tuberculosis?	'es □	No □
23. Do you have any of the following medical conditions:		
- Low body weight due to chronic malabsorption syndromes?	'es □	No □
- Lung disease silicosis caused by breathing in tiny bits of silica? Yes	'es □	No □
- Diabetes?	'es □	No □
- End stage renal disease or on hemodialysis?	'es □	No □
- Head or neck cancer? Ye	'es □	No □
- Leukemia?	'es □	No □
- Lymphoma?	'es □	No □
- Hematologic or reticuloendothelial disease? Ye	'es □	No □
24. Have you ever had any of the following procedures:		
- Gastrectomy?	Yes □	No □
	Yes □	No □
- Solid organ transplant (e.g., kidney, liver, heart, lung, intestines, pancreas)? γ	Yes □	No □
25. Do you receive treatment with TNF-alpha antagonists (e.g., infliximab, etanercept), steroids (equivalent		
of prednisone \geq 15mg/day for \geq 1 month) or other immunosuppressive medication?	∕es □	No□
If YES to any of the questions in this section, TST test is indicated. If YES to HIV positive questions or on immunos	suppre	ssive
therapy, consider referal for IGRA testing.		
Note: Retesting should only occur in persons who previously tested negative and have new risk factors since last asse	essmen	ıt.

Report of Tuberculosis Screening

Name: _			Date of Birth:		Date:			
TO WHO	OM IT MAY CONCERN: The	e above individual has bee	en evaluated by (PRINT	OR TYPE):				
	f Pharmacist:			,				
Name of	f Pharmacy:		Tel.	#:				
	cy Address:							
TB Scree	ening and/or Testing Conc	<u>lusions</u>						
I.	No Symptoms or Risks I	dentified on TB Risk Asse	<u>ssment</u>					
	☐ A tuberculin skin tes	t (TST) is not indicated at	this time due to the al	bsence of sym	ptoms suggestive of active T	B, no risk factors		
	identified for infection	or for developing active	TB if infected, and no l	known recent	contact with active TB. Hea	lth care workers		
	employed in a low risk	facility according to CDO	C "Guidelines for Preve	enting the Tra	nsmission of Mycobacteriur	n tuberculosis ir		
	=	005" do not need annual	=					
			ollow-up chest x-ray is	not indicated	at this time due to the abser	nce of symptoms		
	suggestive of active TB.							
	If one of these two state		e appropriate stateme statement applies, go t	-	section IV and select staten	nent "A".		
	If in a health care	=			s are present, go to Section .	III.		
II.	•	vith Potential Tuberculosi		. no symptom	s are present, go to section			
	-			aluation imm	ediately. This notification is	necessary even		
					precautions. Proceed to sect	-		
		statement "B". If there	e are no symptoms coi	nsistent with	TB, go to section III.			
III.	Testing for TB Infection	via Tuberculin Skin Test (2-step TST was	required)				
		Date Administered:						
	Date read:	Time:	Results:	mm	Interpretation: Negative	Positive 🗆		
	#2 TST Lot:	Date Adm	ninistered:	Time:	Site:			
	Date read:	Time:	Results:	mm	Interpretation: Negative	Positive □		
	Pharmacist Name:				e.p. e tatio 1168atire =	. 55.6.75		
		If test(s) above are ne	gative, proceed to sect	tion IV and se	lect statement "A".	-		
			ositive, proceed to sect					
IV.	TB Screening/Testing Co							
			individual listed above	e does not der	monstrate a risk of having tu	berculosis in a		
	communicable form.				•			
	☐ B. Active tuberculosis cannot be ruled out in the individual listed above. The individual was counseled and referred to (check							
	all that apply):					•		
		ovider (Name):			(Tel.)			
	☐ Local Health Dep	partment (Name):		(Tel.) (Tel.)				
		ct Information for Primary			, ,			
	This individual show	uld be treated by a PCP fo	ar.					
				ist must imma	diately call local health depa	rtmant):		
					ulately call local fleatiff depa	runent),		
		est with No Subsequent N	= :		tadı			
		est with Normal Chest Rac	= :	lously Untrea	ieu,			
		idual Born in High Burder	i ib Country;					
		idual has Received BCG; idual is Immunocompron	aicad ar an Immunasur	anrocciva Tha	canv.			
		iuuai is iiiiiiiuii0C0ffiDf0ff	maeu or on millimunosul	ハリヒンバイ ロロピ	auv.			

 \square Positive TST Result.

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Appendix F. Quality control (QC) procedural observation checklists

Quality Control (QC) Procedural Observation Checklist for Placing Tuberculin Skin Tests (TSTs) — Mantoux Method						
Date Trainer (QC by	(QC by) Trainee (TST placed by)					
	Scoring:	✓ or Y = Yes	$X ext{ or } N = No$	NA = Not Applicable		
1. Preliminary Screens patient for contraindice reactions to previous TST).* Uses well-lit area. 2. Syringe† filled with exactly 0.1 mL of purified protein derivative (PPD) and service s	e methods be ations (several for 5 tuberculing tigens) rigeration and ate on vial. oved from refreshibition over the first over the seven ove	fore starting. e adverse n units (TU) confirms that it is rigeration. syringe. exactly 0.1 mL of oid wasting of ediately after filling ≥2 inches from hair, bruises, incular motion	5. Ex inj	Holds needle bevel-up and tip at 5°-15° angle to skin. Inserts needle in first layer of skin with tip visible beneath skin. Advances needle until entire bevel is under the first layer of skin. Releases stretched skin. Injects entire dose slowly. Forms wheal, as liquid is injected. Removes needle without pressing area.		
Rests arm on firm, well-lit surf	ace.		_	No lotions or liquids on site, except for light washing, as above.Keep appointment for reading.		

† Use a ¼-½-inch 27-gauge needle or finer, disposable tuberculin (preferably a safety-type) syringe.

** If neither arm is available or acceptable for testing, the back of the shoulder is a good alternate TST administration site.

SOURCE: National Tuberculosis Controllers Association, National Tuberculosis Nurse Consultant Coalition. Tuberculosis nursing: a comprehensive guide to patient care. Smyrna, GA: National Tuberculosis Controllers Association; 1997.

^{*} Severe adverse reactions to the TST are rare but include ulceration, necrosis, vesiculation, or bullae at the test site, or anaphylactic shock, which is substantially rare. These reactions are the only contraindications to having a TST administered.

[§] Prefilling syringes is not recommended. Tuberculin is absorbed in varying amounts by glass and plastics. To minimize reduction in potency, tuberculin should be administered as soon after the syringe has been filled as possible. Following these procedures will also help avoid contamination. Test doses should always be removed from the vial under strictly aseptic conditions, and the remaining solution should remain refrigerated (not frozen). Tuberculin should be stored in the dark as much as possible and exposure to strong light should be avoided. **SOURCE:** American Thoracic Society, CDC, Infectious Disease Society of America. Diagnostic standards and classification of tuberculosis in adults and children. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2000;161:1376–95.

Preventing tuberculin antigen and vaccine (e.g., Td toxoid) misadministration is important. Measures should include physical separation of refrigerated products, careful visual inspection and reading of labels, preparation of PPD for patient use only at time of testing, and improved record keeping of lot numbers of antigens, vaccines, and other injectable products. **SOURCE:** CDC. Inadvertent intradermal administration of tetanus toxoid—containing vaccines instead of tuberculosis skin tests. MMWR 2004;53:662–4.

^{††} Stretch skin by placing nondominant hand of health-care worker (HCW) on patient's forearm below the needle insertion point and then applying traction in the opposite direction of the needle insertion. Be careful not to place the nondominant hand of the HCW opposite the administration needle if the patient is likely to move during the procedure, which might cause an accidental needle-stick injury to the HCWs. In children and others who are likely to move during the procedure, certain trainers prefer stretching the skin in the opposite direction of the needle insertion by placing the nondominant hand of the HCW under the patient's forearm. This method should not be used for persons with poor skin turgor.

Recommendations and Reports

APPENDIX C of Virginia Board of Pharmacy TB One-Step Protocol 139

Appendix F. (Continued) Quality control (QC) procedural observation checklists

Date _	Trainer (QC by	<i>ı</i>)	Trainee (TST placed by)			
		Scoring:	✓ or Y = Yes	X or N = No	NA = Not Applicable	
1. Preli	iminary				Marks dots transverse (perpendicular) to long axis of forearm.	
Uses appropriate hand hygiene methods before starting. Keeps fingernails shorter than fingertips to avoid misreading TST result. Keeps TST reading materials at hand (eyeliner pencil or ballpoint pen,* and ruler). Uses well-lit area. Inspects for the site of the injection. Palpate — finding margin ridges (if any) Palpates with arm bent at elbow at a 90° angle. Lightly sweeps 2-inch diameter from injection site in four			oid misreading er pencil or e.	_	4. Placing and reading ruler Places the "0" ruler line inside the edge of the left dot. Reads the ruler line inside right dot edge (uses lower measurement i between two gradations on millimeter scale) (Figure 1). Uses appropriate hand hygiene methods after reading TST result. 5. Documenting results Records all TST results in millimeters, even those classified as negative. Does not record only as "positive" or "negative." Records the absence of induration as "0 mm."	
directions. Uses zigzag featherlike touch. Repeats palpation with arm bent at elbow at a 45° angle to determine presence or absence of induration. If induration is present, continue with these steps†:			Correctly records results in mm; only a single measured induration in mm should be recorded. Trainee's measurement mm. Trainer's (gold standard) measurement mm. Trainee's result within 2 mm of gold standard reading?§			
o Disa	la a manda	•			Yes No	
3. Plac	 ing marks Holds palm over injection site. Cleanse site with antiseptic swall center to outside. Uses fingertips to find margins of Marks the induration by placing sinduration. Inspects dots, repeats finger more margin, and adjusts dots if needs 	f the induration of the indura	on. both sides of th	ulcerat FDA M 800-FI	In rare instances, the reaction might be severe (vesiculation, tion, or necrosis of the skin). Report severe adverse events to the ledWatch Adverse Events Reporting System (AERS), telephone: DA-1088; fax: 800-FDA-0178; http://www.fda.gov/medwatch report 500, Physicians' Desk Reference.	

^{*}A fine-tipped eyeliner pencil or ballpoint pen can be used as a marker. An eyeliner pencil is useful for TST training and for blinded independent duplicate readings (BIDRs) because the dots are easy to remove with a dot of lubricant (e.g., baby oil). Alternative TST result reading methods have been described, including the pen method.

[†] If induration is not present, record the TST result as 0 mm and go to the end of this form (Documenting results).

[§] For example, if the TST trainer reads the TST result (the gold standard reading) as 11 mm, the trainee's TST reading should be between 9–13 mm to be considered correct.

The TST reading should be based on measurement of induration, not erythema, using a Mantoux skin test ruler. The diameter of induration should be measured transversely to the long axis of the forearm and recorded in millimeters. Record no induration as zero (0) millimeters.

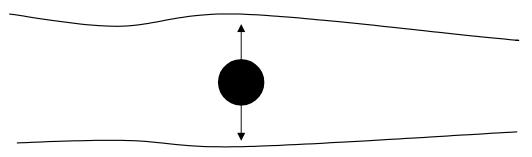
Classification of the Tuberculin Skin Test Reaction¹

≥5 mm Induration	≥10 mm Induration	≥15 mm Induration	
Considered positive in the following persons: Persons living with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) Recent contacts of a person with Tuberculosis (TB) disease Persons with a chest radiography (CXR) findings suggestive of previous TB disease Patients with organ transplants Persons who are immunosuppressed for other reasons (e.g., prolonged therapy with corticosteroids equivalent of ≥15 mg per day of prednisone for for 1 month or longer or those taking tumor necrosis factoralpha [TNF-alpha] antagonists)	Considered positive in the following persons: Persons born in countries where TB disease is common including Mexico, the Philippines, Vietnam, India, China, Haiti, and Guatemala, or other countries with high rates of TB Persons with substance use disorders Mycobacteriology laboratory personnel Residents and employees of high-risk congregate settings such as nursing homes, homeless shelters, or correctional facilities Persons with certain medical conditions that place them at high risk for TB, such as silicosis, diabetes mellitus, severe kidney disease, certain types of cancer, and certain intestinal conditions Persons <90% of ideal body weight Children aged <5 years Infants, children, and adolescents exposed to adults in high-risk categories	Considered positive in any person, inducing persons with no known risk factors for TB.	

^{*}All tests should be interpreted based on patient risk and test characteristics.

A negative TST result does not exclude LTBI or active TB disease.

¹ Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection in the United States: Clinical Recommendations, Appendix 1: Interpretation of Test Results.(NTCA/NTSC, 2021). Available at: https://survey.alchemer.com/s3/6183608/2021-LTBI-Testing-Treatment-Publication-Registration



Measure TSTs Transversely

CDC LTBI: A Guide for Primary Health Care Providers

https://www.cdc.gov/tb/publications/ltbi/pdf/LTBIbooklet508.pdf